civil penalty may not exceed \$1,000,000 for any related series of violations.

- (b) Any person who knowingly violates a regulation or order under this subchapter applicable to offshore gas gathering lines issued under the authority of 49 U.S.C. 5101 et seq is liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$25,000 for each violation, and if any such violation is a continuing one, each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.
- (c) Any person who is determined to have violated any standard or order under 49 U.S.C. 60103 shall be subjected to a civil penalty of not to exceed \$50,000, which penalty shall be in addition to any other penalties to which such person may be subject under paragraph (a) of this section.
- (d) Any person who is determined to have violated any standard or order under 49 U.S.C. 60129 shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000, which shall be in addition to any other penalties to which such person may be subject under paragraph (a) of this section.
- (e) No person shall be subject to a civil penalty under this section for the violation of any requirement of this subchapter and an order issued under § 190.217, § 190.219 or § 190.233 if both violations are based on the same act.

[45 FR 20413, Mar. 27, 1980, as amended by Amdt. 190–2, 54 FR 32344, Aug. 7, 1989; Amdt. 190–6, 61 FR 18515, Apr. 26, 1996; 61 FR 38403, July 24, 1996; 70 FR 11137, Mar. 8, 2005]

## § 190.225 Assessment considerations.

In determining the amount of a civil penalty under this part,

- (a) The Associate Administrator, OPS shall consider:
- (1) The nature, circumstances and gravity of the violation, including adverse impact on the environment;
- (2) The degree of the respondent's culpability;
- (3) The respondent's history of prior offenses;
  - (4) The respondent's ability to pay;
- (5) Any good faith by the respondent in attempting to achieve compliance;
- (6) The effect on the respondent's ability to continue in business; and
- (b) The Associate Administrator, OPS may consider:

- (1) The economic benefit gained from violation, if readily ascertainable, without any reduction because of subsequent damages; and
- (2) Such other matters as justice may require.

[70 FR 11137, Mar. 8, 2005]

## § 190.227 Payment of penalty.

- (a) Except for payments exceeding \$10,000, payment of a civil penalty proposed or assessed under this subpart may be made by certified check or money order (containing the CPF Number for the case), payable to "U.S. Department of Transportation," to the Federal Aviation Administration, Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center, Financial Operations Division (AMZ-341), P.O. Box 25770, Oklahoma City, OK 73125, or by wire transfer through the Federal Reserve Communications System (Fedwire) to the account of the Treasury. Payments exceeding \$10,000 must be made by wire transfer.
- (b) Payment of a civil penalty assessed in a final order issued under §190.213 or affirmed in a decision on a petition for reconsideration must be made within 20 days after receipt of the final order or decision. Failure to do so will result in the initiation of collection action, including the accrual of interest and penalties, in accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3717 and 49 CFR part 89.

[Amdt. 190-7, 61 FR 27792, June 3, 1996, as amended at 70 FR 11138, Mar. 8, 2005; 73 FR 16567, Mar. 28, 2008]

## CRIMINAL PENALTIES

## $\S\,190.229$ Criminal penalties generally.

- (a) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates a provision of 49 U.S.C. 60101 *et seq.* or any regulation or order issued thereunder shall upon conviction be subject for each offense to a fine of not more than \$25,000 and imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.
- (b) Any person who willfully violates a regulation or order under this subchapter issued under the authority of 49 U.S.C. 5101 et seq. as applied to offshore gas gathering lines shall upon conviction be subject for each offense to a fine of not more than \$25,000, imprisonment for a term not to exceed 5 years, or both.